

TP200 probe system



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TP200
probe system
user's guide



EC declaration of conformity

The products TP200 and SCR200 have been manufactured in conformity with the following standard: -

BS EN 61326:1998/ A1:1998/A2:2001	Electrical equipment for measurement control and laboratory use - EMC requirements. Immunity to annex A - industrial locations. Emissions to class A (non-domestic) limits.
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and comply with the requirements of directive:-

89/336/EEC - Electromagnetic compatibility

The product SCR200 has additionally been manufactured in conformity with the following standard: -

EN 60825-1:1993/ A1:1997/A2:2001	Safety of laser products. Part 1: Equipment classification, requirements and user's guide.
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and comply with the requirements of directive:-

73/23/EEC - Low voltage

The above information is summarised from the full EC declarations of conformity. Copies are available from Renishaw on request.

Product care

Your Renishaw probe and accessories are precision instruments. Please use and maintain the products in accordance with these instructions and retain the transit box for storing the components when not in use.

Warranty

Renishaw plc warrants its products provided they are installed as defined in the associated Renishaw documentation.

Consent must be obtained from Renishaw plc if non-Renishaw equipment (such as interfaces or cabling) is to be used or substituted. Failure to do this may invalidate the Renishaw warranty.

Patents

Aspects of the TP200 system and aspects of similar systems are the subject of the following patents and patent applications.

EP 0142373	JP 2,098,080	US 4651405	WO 97/35164
EP 0243766	JP 2,510,804	US 4769919	
EP 0293036	JP 2,539,824	US 4813151	
EP 0388993	JP 2,545,082	US 4817362	
EP 0392660	JP 2,647,881	US 4916339	
EP 0470234	JP 3,004,050	US 5,088,337	
EP 0501710	JP 3,018,015	US 5,228,352	
EP 0521703	JP 3,101,322	US 5,323,540	
EP 0544854	JP 3,297,317	US 5,327,657	
EP 0641427	JP 3,294,269	US 5,339,535	
EP 0740768	JP 3,346,593	US 5,345,689	
EP 0750171	US 5,345,689	US 5,404,649	
EP 242747B	JP 505,622/1999	US 5,505,005	
EP 279828B	JP 507,145/1995	US 5,755,038	
EP 548328 B	JP 507,918/1997	US 5,671,542	
EP 566719 B		US 5,918,378	
		US 6012230	

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1 Safety instructions

1.1 PI 200 safety instructions

The PI 200 interface unit must be connected to a supply incorporating a protective earth conductor via a three-core mains cable (line cord).

Electrical ratings:

Supply voltage range	85 V - 264 V
Power frequency range	47 Hz - 63 Hz
Power consumption	10 W
Fuse type	1 A (T) HBC, 250 V

Operating conditions:

The PI 200 interface unit is specified to operate under the following conditions which comply with (or exceed) those of standard BS EN 61010-1: 1993/A2: 1995.

Protection provided by enclosure	IP30
Altitude	Maximum 2000 m
Operating temperature	0 °C to 50 °C
Storage temperature	-10 °C to +70 °C
Relative humidity	Maximum 80% RH up to +31 °C, decreasing linearly to a maximum 50% at +40 °C
Transient overvoltage	Installation category II
Pollution degree	2

1.2 Product care

Your Renishaw probe and accessories are precision instruments. Please use and maintain the products in accordance with these instructions.

Please retain the transit box for storing the components when not in use.



CAUTION: The TP200 probe contains sensitive silicon strain sensors.

Permanent damage may be caused if the probe is dropped or subjected to severe shock as may be caused by misuse.

2 Introduction

The TP200/TP200B is a 13.5 mm diameter touch-trigger probe with the facility to quickly change stylus configurations without the need for requalification. Electronic strain sensing techniques are used to improve on the form measuring accuracy and operating life that can be achieved compared with kinematic touch-trigger probes.

The TP200 probe is a two piece design comprising the **probe body** and a detachable stylus module that holds the stylus assembly.

The **stylus module** has a choice of fixed overtravels: 'SF' (standard force) or 'LF' (low force). There is also the 'EO' (extended overtravel) module which has the same overtravel force as the 'SF' but provides increased operating range and protection in the probe Z axis.

The optional **SCR200 stylus change rack** provides storage for pre-qualified stylus assemblies and facilitates automatic stylus changing under measurement program control.

The probe and rack are powered by the dedicated PI 200 interface, which performs signal processing and communicates with the CMM controller.

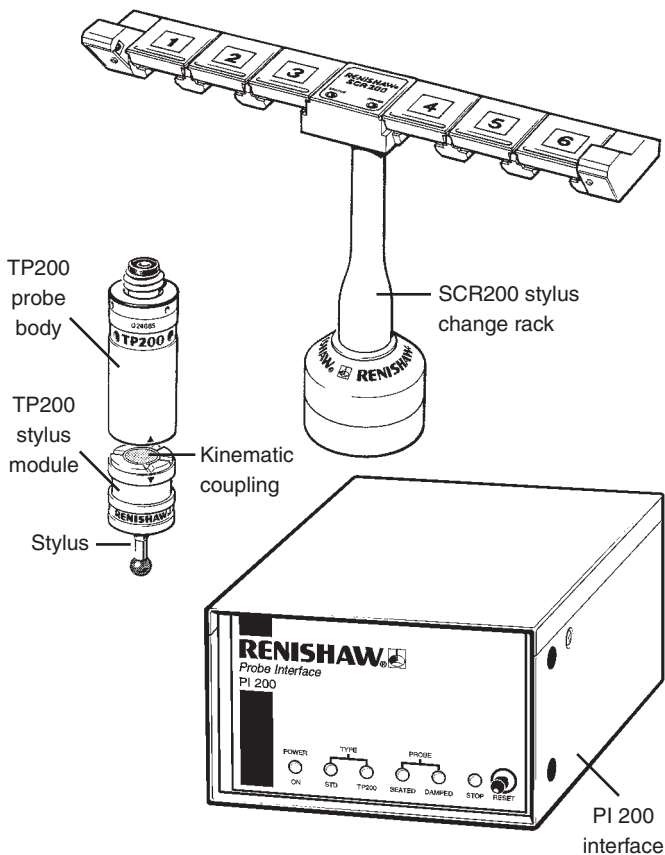


Figure 1 - The TP200 precision touch-trigger probe system

3 Product description

3.1 Probe body

The TP200 probe body houses the strain sensing structure and electronic processing circuitry.

When the stylus contacts the workpiece, in a normal gauging move, the force applied to the stylus tip is transferred, through the stylus module and the coupling at the front of the probe body, to the silicon strain sensors. A tip deflection of a few μm is sufficient to trigger the probe. The probe's signals are amplified and processed in a hybrid microcircuit electronic assembly. The probe's data and control signals are communicated between the probe and the PI 200 interface over a pair of screened wires, allowing the TP200 system to be compatible with the majority of Renishaw probe heads and accessories.

The TP200B probe body uses the same technology as the TP200 probe body but has been designed to have a higher tolerance to vibration. This helps to overcome the problem of 'air' trigger generation which can arise from vibrations transmitted through the CMM or when using long styli with fast positioning speeds.

NOTE: Renishaw does not recommend the use of TP200B with the LF module or cranked/star styli.

The stylus module is held in position on the front of the probe body by a magnetic, kinematic coupling. The coupling allows the stylus module to be removed and then replaced such that the stylus tip returns to a highly repeatable spatial position, eliminating the need for requalification.

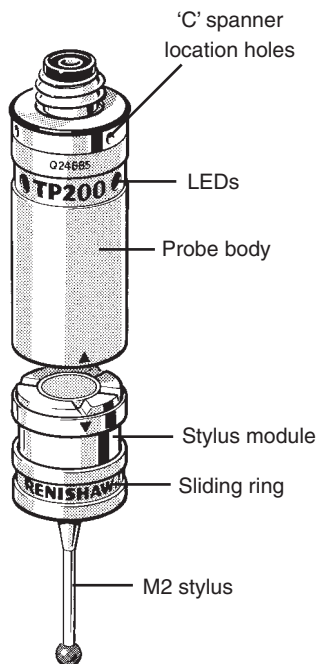


Figure 2 - The TP200 precision touch-trigger probe

3.2 Stylus module

The stylus module carries the M2 stylus mount and provides overtravel in the X, Y and +Z probe axes. Overtravel in the -Z probe axis is accommodated by separation of the module from the probe body.

There are three modules available, with two different overtravel forces:

- The SF (standard force) module is suitable for most applications.
- The LF (low force) module is recommended for use with small precision ball styli or on delicate materials.
- The EO (extended overtravel) module is recommended for use when increasing the speed of the CMM may lead to stopping distances which exceed the overtravel range provided in the SF/ LF modules. The EO module has an additional 8 mm of overtravel in the probe Z axis to protect against damage to the probe body in such circumstances. Overtravel force is the same as the SF module.

The module houses the mating half of the magnetically held kinematic coupling (see figure 10), which ensures repeatable positioning on the probe body. The coupling consists of 3 bearing points formed by the V grooves on the rear of the stylus module, which seat on 3 ball bearings located on the front of the probe body. The fourth V groove and semi-recessed ball form an alignment feature to ensure that the module has a unique orientation in the rotational axis. The module and stylus axis will be visibly misaligned if the coupling is not correctly seated.

Alignment symbols (see figure 10) are provided to assist manual alignment.

The module cover forms a sliding ring (see figure 2), which transfers excess force to the case of the probe body if the maximum Z axis overtravel distance is exceeded.

3.3 PI 200 interface

The PI 200 interface unit powers and services the TP200/B probe and up to two SCR200 stylus change racks. The PI 200 will service kinematic switching probes (TP2, TP20, TP6), in addition to the TP200/B. The PI 200 automatically recognises the probe type, determines the status of the probe and transmits probe trigger signals to the CMM controller.

When automatic stylus changing is performed using the SCR200 change rack, the PI 200 inhibits probe triggering and resets the TP200/B probe to account for the loading effects of the new stylus assembly on the strain sensors. In the event of rack overtravel or error condition, the PI 200 transmits signals to the CMM controller to stop CMM motion.

During high speed position moves (fast traverse), it is necessary to reduce probe sensitivity to prevent vibration causing unwanted triggers. The CMM controller automatically switches the PI 200 into a low sensitivity mode, such that vibration triggers are prevented. However, a trigger is still issued to stop CMM motion, if an unexpected collision occurs. This mode is known as 'probe damped mode' and is indicated by an LED on the PI 200 front panel.

NOTE: The probe cannot take accurate points when damped mode is selected.

The CMM manufacturer sets the configuration of the PI 200 and it should not be necessary for the user to make adjustments except to operate the reset button, as explained later in this handbook.

3.4 SCR200 stylus change rack

The SCR200 holds and protects up to 6 stylus modules for automatic changing. The modules are magnetically held in the docking ports which allows the rack to be mounted in any orientation and eliminates the need for high accuracy positioning. No special commands are necessary, as stylus changing requires only simple position moves to be programmed.

The SCR200 incorporates a system of infrared light beams and a Hall effect sensor to detect the presence of the probe and to signal to the PI 200 interface that stylus changing is in progress. A self-test mode checks operation of the light beams during power-up.

The rack is provided with an overtravel mechanism to reduce the possibility of damage should a collision occur. When the mechanism is deflected, signals are transmitted to the CMM controller to stop CMM motion. The overtravel mechanism is self-resetting. After a collision, the rack should return to its normal operating position and should not require re-datuming.

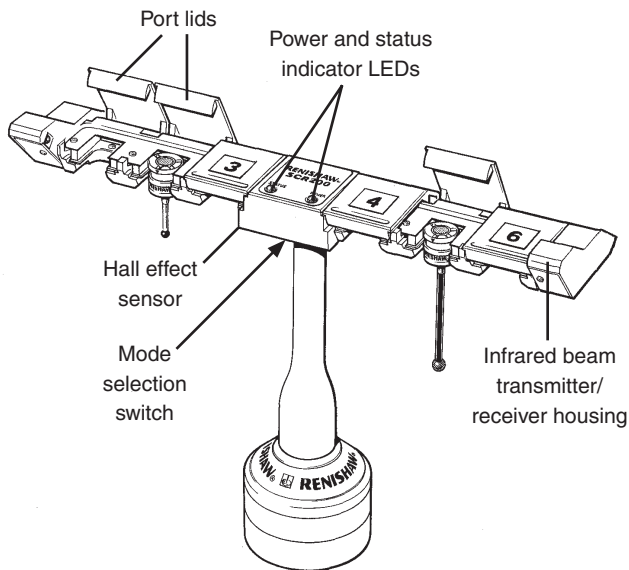


Figure 3 - The SCR200 stylus change rack

4 Specification

4.1 Measuring performance

The following data is derived from test rig measurements and may not represent the performance achievable on a CMM. Please contact your CMM supplier for overall system accuracy information.

NOTES: Tested with standard Renishaw M2 steel and GF styli gauging speed 8 mm/s.

Repeatability and XY (2D) form measurements as specified to Renishaw in-house test standards.

3D form measurements as specified to standard ASME B89.4.1-1997 for point-to-point probing.

4.1.1

Unidirectional repeatability (2σ μm) (see figures 4 and 5)				
Stylus type	Offset length (mm)		Trigger level	
	A	B	1 (μm)	2 (μm)
Straight	10	–	0.20	0.25
Straight	50	–	0.40	0.50
Straight	70	–	0.70	1.00
Straight	100	–	1.00	1.20
Star	5	20	0.50	0.70
Star	50	20	0.70	1.00

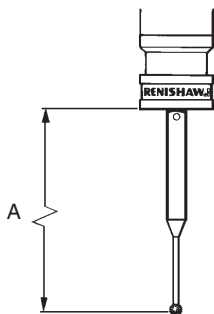


Figure 4 - Recommended stylus length (straight styli)

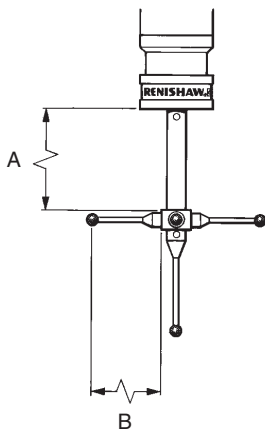


Figure 5 - Recommended stylus length (star styli)

4.1.2

XY (2D) form measurement deviation (see figures 4 and 5)				
Stylus type	Offset length (mm)		Trigger level	
	A	B	1 (µm)	2 (µm)
Straight	10	–	±0.40	±0.50
Straight	50	–	±0.80	±0.90
Straight	70	–	±0.90	±1.50
Straight	100	–	±1.70	±2.00
Star	5	20	±1.00	±1.20
Star	50	20	±1.00	±1.20

4.1.3

XYZ (3D) form measurement deviation (see figures 4 and 5)				
Stylus type	Offset length (mm)		Trigger level	
	A	B	1 (µm)	2 (µm)
Straight	10	–	±0.65	±0.90
Straight	50	–	±1.00	±1.40
Straight	70	–	±2.00	±3.00
Straight	100	–	±4.00	±5.50
Star	5	20	±1.50	±2.20
Star	50	20	±3.00	±4.00

4.1.4

Repeatability of stylus change	
Automatic change with SCR200	1.0 μm max.
Manual change	2.0 μm typical

4.2 Overtravel forces

4.2.1

Standard force module			
Stylus length	XY axis low force (g)	XY axis high force (g)	Z+ axis (g)
20 mm at typical overtravel	45	70	490
50 mm at typical overtravel	20	40	490
50 mm at max. overtravel	25	50	1500

4.2.2

Low force module			
Stylus length	XY axis low force (g)	XY axis high force (g)	Z+ axis (g)
20 mm at typical overtravel	20	30	160
50 mm at typical overtravel	10	15	160
50 mm at max. overtravel	15	25	450

4.3 Overtravel limits

XY axis	±14°
Z+ axis	4.5 mm (SF/LF) 12.5 mm (EO)
Z- axis	4.0 mm

4.4 Technical data

Trigger forces	0.002 N (2 gF) (at 50 mm stylus tip)
Gauging speed range	0.5 mm/s - 80 mm/s
Trigger rate	5 triggers/s max
Sense directions	6 way: ±X, ±Y, ±Z
Module life	>10 million triggers
Module pull-off force	800 g - 1000 g
Probe cable length	Max 50 m x 0.22 mm ²
Probe cable resistance	Max 5Ω / conductor
Operating temperature range	+10 °C to +40 °C
Storage temperature range	-10 °C to +70 °C
Probe length	43 mm
Probe diameter	13.5 mm
Probe connector	M8 x 1.25 x 5 mm
Stylus mount	M2 x 0.4 mm
Sealing	IP30
Weight: sensor	15 g
Weight: module	7 g

4.5 Dimensions

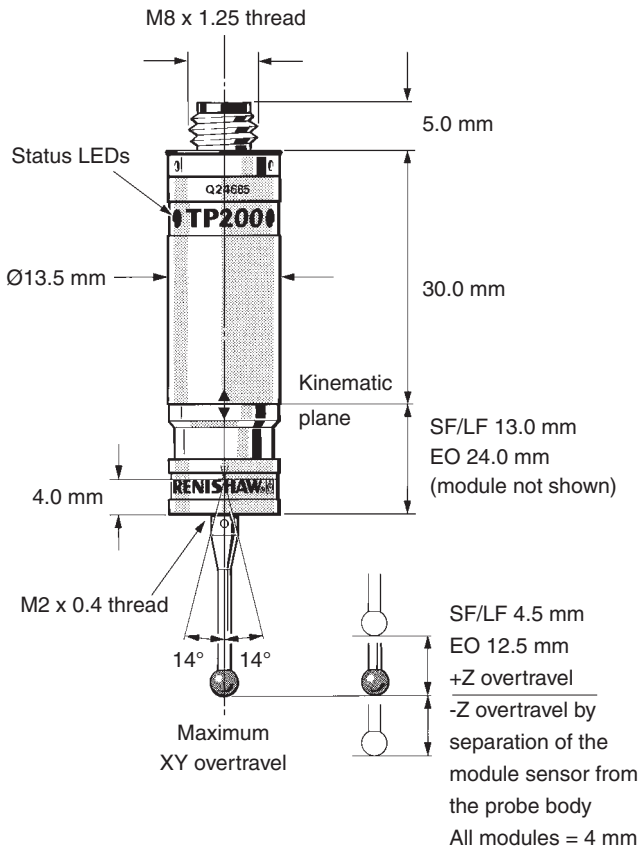


Figure 6 - TP200 probe system dimensions

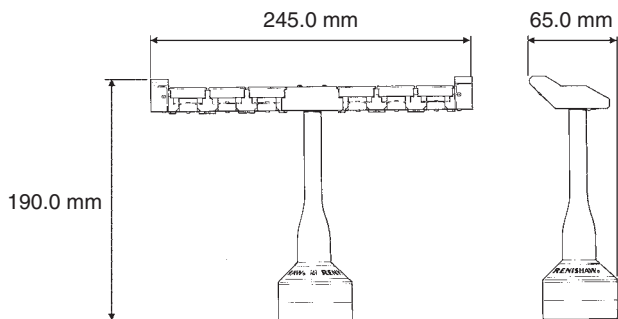


Figure 7 - SCR200 dimensions

5 Installation procedure - TP200 probe

5.1 Mounting the probe body on the probe head

- Take great care not to drop the probe when installing. Mount the probe body on the probe head before fitting a stylus module.

5.1.1 Probe heads with M8 connector

- See figure 8.
- Screw the threaded end of the probe body into the M8 connector, on the probe head, until it is finger-tight.
- Fit the S1 'C' spanner (supplied) to the location holes and tighten by hand.
- The recommended tightening torque is 0.3 Nm – 0.5 Nm.

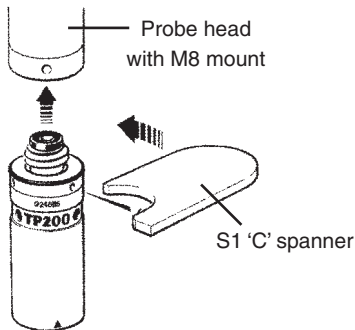


Figure 8 - Fitting the TP200 probe sensor to a M8 probe head

5.1.2 Probe heads with Renishaw autojoint

- See figure 9.
- Before fitting to the probe head, screw the probe body to a PAA series adaptor, as instructed above for M8 heads.
- Locate the adaptor on the probe head and lock the autojoint using an S10 key.

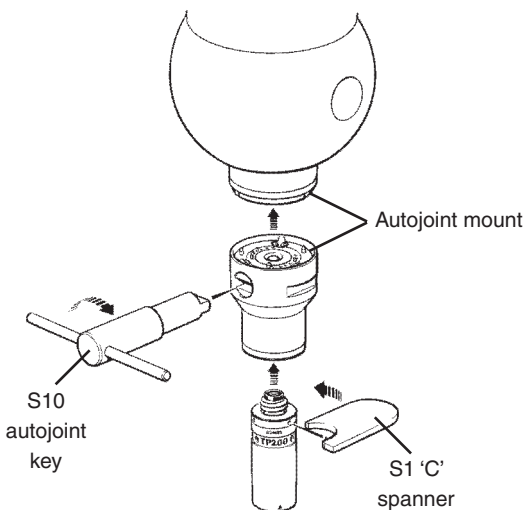


Figure 9 - Fitting the TP200 probe body to a probe head with an autojoint

5.2 Assembling a stylus on a stylus module

- See figure 10.
- For a one-piece stylus, screw the stylus into the threaded mount on the stylus module until finger-tight. Fit an S7 pin spanner (supplied) into the stylus cross-hole and tighten using finger pressure to achieve the recommended torque of between 0.05 Nm and 0.15 Nm.

NOTE: The maximum permissible torque is 0.3 Nm.

- Where an offset or star stylus arrangement is to be used, assemble the arrangement loosely and offer the module up to the probe body to check alignment. Adjust the alignment with the module removed and tighten as described above using one or two S7 pin spanners as necessary.
- Styli from the Renishaw GF (carbon fibre reinforced plastic) range must be tightened using the S20 tightening tool (supplied with the stylus kit). When tightening GF styli or extension pieces do not apply torque to the stylus stem. It may be necessary to use two S20 tools or S20 and S7 tools in combination to tighten adjacent threaded couplings. Refer to the instruction leaflet (H-1000-4003) provided with the stylus kit.

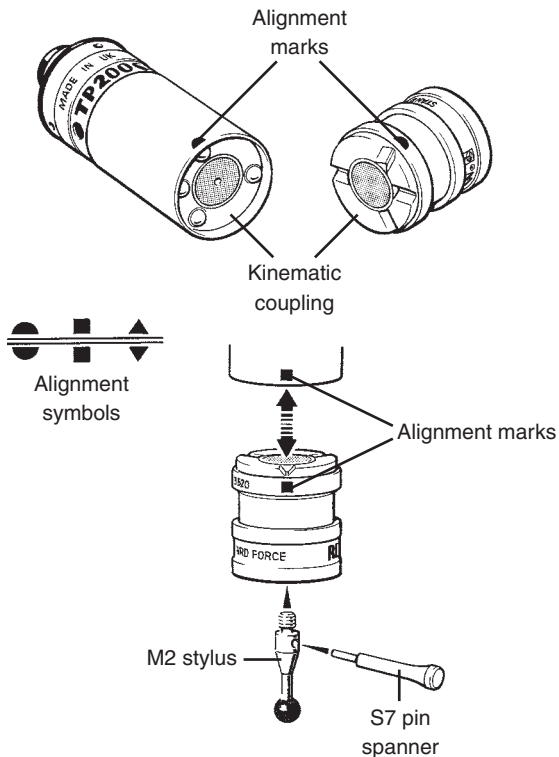


Figure 10 - Assembling the stylus on the stylus module and mounting the stylus module on the probe body

5.3 Mounting the stylus module on the probe body

- See figure 10.
- Visually examine the mating faces of the stylus module and the probe body for dirt or other contamination. Clean if necessary using the CK200 cleaning material (supplied), (refer to section 9, 'Maintenance').
- Offer up the stylus module to the probe body ensuring that the alignment symbols are matched. Allow the stylus module to engage under the pull of the magnetic force.
- Reset the probe as described in the section 5.4, 'Resetting the probe' below.

5.4 Resetting the probe

- Press the RESET button, on the front panel of the PI 200 interface, for 2 seconds to reset the probe to the seated (armed) state.



CAUTION: Probe triggers are inhibited when the RESET button is pressed. Before pressing the button, the CMM must be stationary with the probe stylus clear of the workpiece.

NOTE: When the TP200 is mounted on a motorised head, the action of unlocking and locking the head will perform the same function as the RESET button.

6 TP200 probe operation

The TP200 probe has two normal operating states, armed or triggered. The probe should be in the armed state except for the moments when the stylus is deflected against the workpiece.

6.1 Probe armed

When the probe is armed (sometimes called 'seated' or 'reset') the following PI 200 front panel indicators will be ON:

- POWER ON
- TYPE - TP200
- PROBE - SEATED

Additionally, the probe head LED will be ON and the LEDs on the TP200 probe body will be OFF. The probe LEDs may sometimes glow slightly, indicating a low level of background vibration.

6.2 Probe triggered

When the stylus touches the workpiece the LEDs on the probe body turn ON brightly. The SEATED and probe head LEDs will turn OFF.

The probe should be allowed to remain in the triggered state only for the minimum time necessary to reverse the CMM motion and back-off from the workpiece.

If the probe remains in the triggered state for more than 10 seconds, drift of the stylus zero reference position will occur and the PI 200 will emit an audible warning. Back-off the probe from the workpiece and refer to section 5.4, 'Resetting the probe'.

6.3 Changing a stylus module manually

- Ensure the CMM will remain stationary, in a safe condition.
- Remove the stylus module and store safely.
- To fit another module, refer to the section 5.3, 'Mounting the stylus module to the probe body'.
- When using MH8 or MIH probe heads, unlock and relock the head before resetting the probe.
- Reset the probe, refer to the section 5.4, 'Resetting the probe'.

6.4 Operation with a manual probe head

After manually re-orientating the probe when using PH1, MH8 or MIH probe heads, reset the probe. Refer to the section 'Resetting the probe'.

6.5 Stylus module selection

The SF module is satisfactory for the majority of applications and provides the maximum stylus carrying capability.

The LF module should be employed where the application necessitates the use of styli with ball diameters less than 1.0 mm (particularly the PS29R, A-5000-7800), or where lower overtravel force will reduce the risk of marking or deflecting the surface of the workpiece.

The EO module is recommended for use when increasing the speed of the CMM may lead to stopping distances which exceed the overtravel range provided in the SF/LF modules.

Note that the overtravel force, in the X-Y axis, varies with both direction and displacement for a given stylus length. In the X-Y axis there is a pattern of 3 maximum and minimum force directions as illustrated in figure 11.

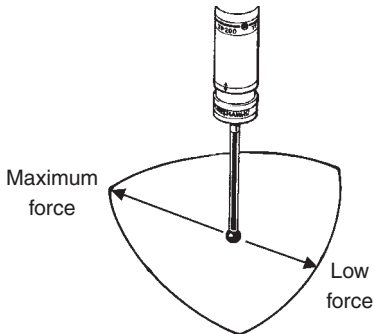


Figure 11 - Stylus force pattern

6.6 Stylus selection

To obtain the best performance apply the following considerations when selecting and fitting a stylus:

- Use the shortest possible stylus length.
- Minimise the mass of the stylus by using the types with ceramic or GF stems where possible. Refer to the Renishaw stylus catalogue for further information.
- Work within the recommended stylus limits.
- Ensure that stylus balls, threads and mating faces are kept clean.
- Tighten styli using only the tools provided.
- Use the stylus changing facility to optimise the styli for accuracy and feature access.
- Always qualify the styli at the gauging speed set for the part measurement program. If the speed is changed re-qualify the stylus tips.

6.7 Recommended stylus limits

The absolute maximum stylus carrying ability of the TP200 probe is determined by the mass of the stylus and the distance from the stylus holder to the centre of gravity. The limits are: -

Low force module:	3 g at 20 mm
Standard force module:	8 g at 50 mm

In practice, the stylus carrying is restricted by CMM vibration level, probe orientation and CMM controller flexibility. The recommended limits are given in figures 12 and 13.

It may be possible to exceed the recommended limits but the user is advised to conduct trials to establish the suitability for the application and the effect on measuring performance.

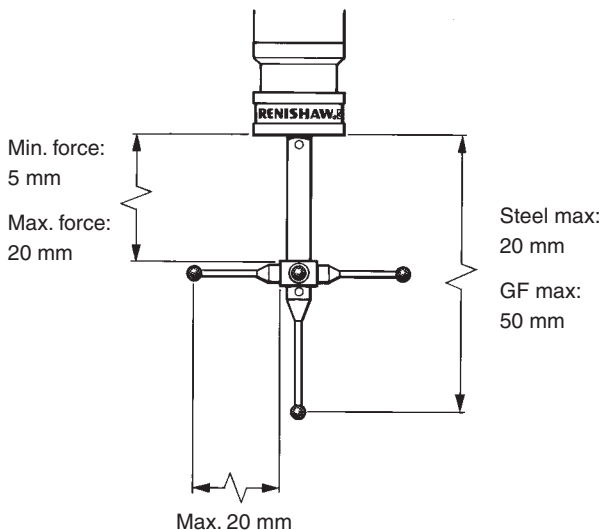


Figure 12 - Recommended stylus limits (LF module)

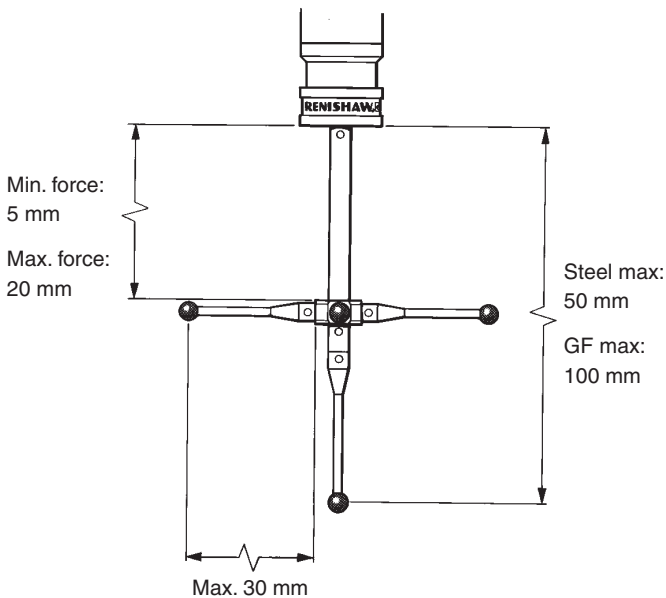


Figure 13 - Recommended stylus limits (SF/EO modules)

6.8 Trigger level

Under certain conditions, vibration may cause false 'air' triggers during gauging and it may be necessary to reduce the probe sensitivity. False triggers may occur when large or heavy stylus arrangements are used, or where there is floor transmission from nearby machinery or vehicles.

- Trigger level 1 - the highest sensitivity mode, provides the best measuring accuracy.
- Trigger level 2 - lower sensitivity to vibration but with a small loss of measuring accuracy.

The trigger level is selected by switch 10 on the rear panel of the PI 200 interface:

- Level 1 - switch 10 DOWN
- Level 2 - switch 10 UP

NOTE: For versions of the PI 200 prior to V9, the trigger level was adjusted by switch 11.

The trigger level selection does not affect sensitivity when the probe is in damped mode.

Please consult your CMM supplier before making any adjustment to the PI 200 settings.

All stylus tips must be re-qualified after changing the trigger level.

7 Installation procedure - SCR200 rack

7.1 Mounting the SCR200 rack on the CMM

- See figure 14.
- Place the location piece over a threaded insert at the desired location on the CMM table and screw down using a M8 or M10 bolt and hexagon key (supplied).

A special location piece with integral bolt is available for M12 inserts.

Part number - M-1371-0298.

Tighten the M12 location piece using a S1 'C' spanner (supplied with the probe kit).

- Locate the base of the SCR200 rack over the location piece and partially tighten the fixing screw using the 1.5 mm AF hexagon key (supplied).
- Before fully tightening the fixing screw, rotate the rack and align with the CMM axes as described in the following procedure.

NOTES: Your CMM supplier's instructions will indicate the preferred method of alignment.

Alignment of the SCR200 with the CMM axes may be essential for some measurement programs or may be desirable for ease of programming.

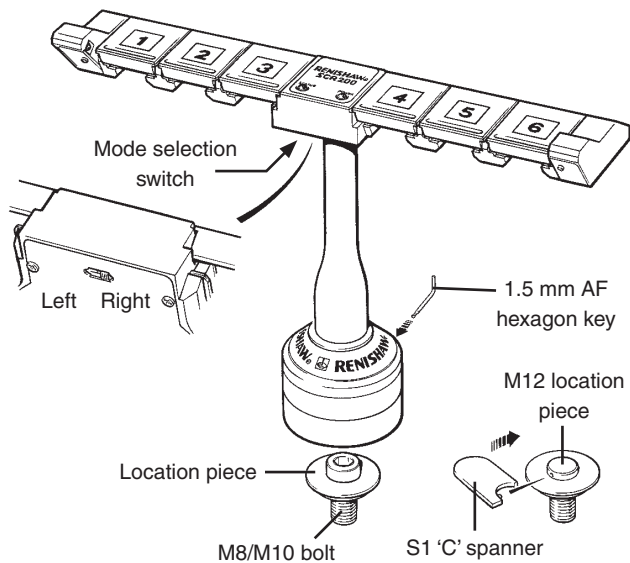


Figure 14 - Mounting the SCR200 rack on the CMM

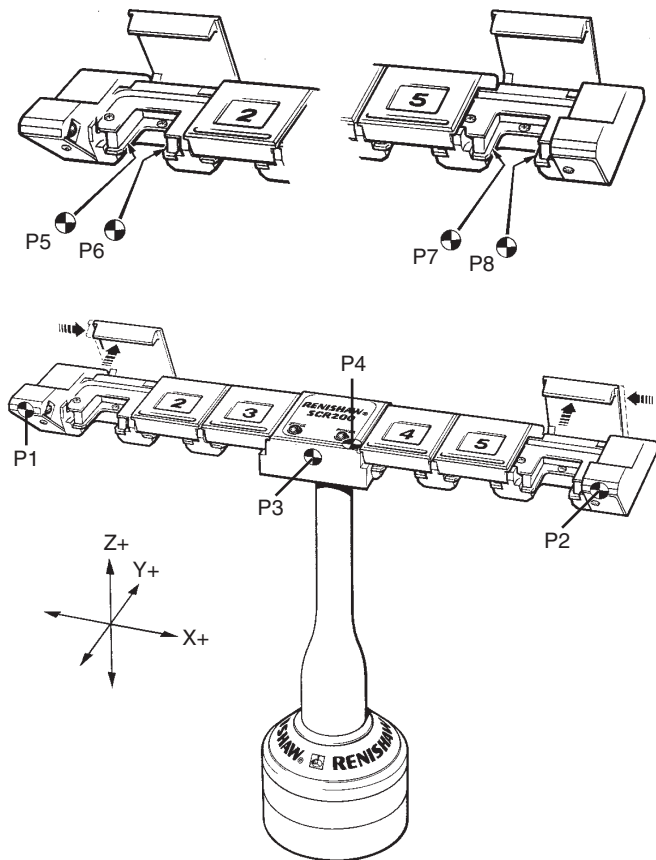


Figure 15 - Datuming the SCR200 rack

7.2 **Aligning the SCR200 rack to the CMM axes**

- Align the rack approximately, by eye.
- Take points P1 and P2 (see figure 15).
- Carefully rotate the rack until the runout between points P1 and P2 is less than 0.2 mm.
- Tighten the fixing screw using the 1.5 mm AF hexagon key (supplied).

7.3 Datuming the SCR200 rack

Renishaw recommends that the PS2R stylus (supplied) is used to datum the SCR200 rack.

NOTE: For racks previously supplied with a PS35R stylus, the instructions are identical.

If a different stylus is used, the length (L) (minimum 20 mm) and the ball radius (R) must be used to calculate offsets.

The following instructions assume uncompensated probing points are taken. Therefore, the target positions for stylus module changing are given in absolute machine coordinates. The X, Y, Z axis system refers to the rack axes indicated in figure 15.

IMPORTANT:

The SCR200 rack must NOT be connected to the PI 200 interface when performing the datuming procedure.

- Remove the electrical connector before datuming the rack.
- Open the lids of ports 1 and 6 and latch in position by sliding towards the centre of the rack.

7.3.1 Establishing the docking depth (Y)

- Take point P3 (see figure 15).
- The docking depth for all ports is:
{Y = P3 + R (1 mm) + 14.0 mm}

7.3.2 Establishing the docking height (Z)

- Take point P4 on the top face (see figure 15), ensuring that the point is not taken on the label.
- The docking height for all ports is:
 $\{Z = P4 - L (20 \text{ mm}) - R (1 \text{ mm}) - 18.6 \text{ mm}\}.$

7.3.3 Establishing the X-axis docking centres for ports 1, 2 and 3 (X1, X2, X3)

- See figure 15.
- Take points P5 and P6 using the stylus shank to gauge the edges of the module retention plate in port 1.
- The docking centre for port 1: $\{X1 = \text{centre point P5/P6}\}.$
- The docking centre for port 2: $\{X2 = X1 + 30 \text{ mm}\}.$
- The docking centre for port 3: $\{X3 = X1 + 60 \text{ mm}\}.$

7.3.4 Establishing the X-axis docking centres for ports 4, 5 and 6 (X4, X5, X6)

- See figure 15.
- Take points P7 and P8 using the stylus shank to gauge the edges of the module retention plate in port 6.
- The docking centre for port 6 is:
 $\{\text{centre point P7/P8} = X6\}.$
- The docking centre for port 4: $\{X4 = X6 - 60 \text{ mm}\}.$
- The docking centre for port 5: $\{X5 = X6 - 30 \text{ mm}\}.$

Summary of docking target coordinates:

Port 1 = X1, Y, Z

Port 2 = X2, Y, Z

Port 3 = X3, Y, Z

Port 4 = X4, Y, Z

Port 5 = X5, Y, Z

Port 6 = X6, Y, Z



CAUTION: The constant Y value assumes the SCR200 is aligned to your CMM axes or is using its own coordinate system.

After datuming the rack:

- Close the lids of ports 1 and 6.
- Select the operating mode (Tamper proof ON or OFF, refer to the 'Operating modes' section).
- Connect the cable to the PI 200 interface and observe the POWER and STATUS LEDs for correct indication.
- Refer to the section 8.2, 'Loading stylus modules into the rack'.

7.4 SCR200 electrical connection

Suitable cables for connection of the SCR200 rack to the PI 200 interface are available from Renishaw in 3 standard lengths.

The cable part numbers are:

A-1016-7630	(PL63)	5 m long	SCR200 cable
A-1016-7631	(PL64)	10 m long	SCR200 cable
A-1016-7632	(PL65)	15 m long	SCR200 cable

For applications requiring a second rack, a dual rack splitter cable is available.

The cable part number is:

A-1016-7660	(PL97)	Dual SCR200 cable
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NOTE: 2 × standard rack cables of the correct length will be required in addition to the dual SCR200 adaptor cable, which must be installed at the PI 200 end.

8 SCR200 rack operation

8.1 Operating modes

The SCR200 may be operated in either of two modes depending on the application requirements and whether the SCR200 is accessible in normal operation.

With TAMPER PROOF ON selected, the stylus change cycle is initiated by moving the probe across the face of the Hall sensor, for the rack to detect the presence of the probe before entering a docking port. In this mode, interruption of the light beams alone does not inhibit probe triggering and therefore the probe cannot be accidentally inhibited during normal operation. For example by placing fingers in the light beam or by operating a port lid.

With TAMPER PROOF OFF selected, direct entry to the rack ports is allowed. The light beams detect the probe entering a module docking port and inhibit probe triggers. In this mode faster stylus changing is possible but Renishaw recommend that it is used only in situations where access to the rack is restricted when the CMM is operating automatically.

To select the operating mode:

- Remove the electrical connector.
- Move the mode selection slide switch (see figure 14): -
LEFT for Tamper proof ON
RIGHT for Tamper proof OFF
- Replace the electrical connector.
- Confirm that the POWER and STATUS lamps are indicating the correct mode.

8.2 Loading stylus modules into the rack

Renishaw recommends that the stylus modules are mounted on the probe body by hand. An automatic stylus change routine is completed prior to tip qualification then the stylus module is loaded into the rack.

The CMM should be used to load the stylus modules into the rack by following the 'Stylus module changing procedure' below.

It is possible to load the rack by hand but care must be taken to ensure correct rotational alignment, as there is no warning if a module is incorrectly seated on the probe sensor and gross measurement errors will occur.

8.3 Power and status indicators

Two LED lamps are provided on the top face of the rack: -

POWER - green

STATUS - red

Power	Status	SCR200 mode
OFF	Flashing for 10 s	Self-test, tamper proof ON
OFF	Flashing for 5 s	Self-test, tamper proof OFF
ON	OFF	Rack idle, tamper proof ON
ON	ON	Rack idle, tamper proof OFF
ON	Flashing	Stylus changing
Flashing	Flashing	Self-test failed

8.4 Stylus module changing procedure

Storing a stylus module - Tamper Proof ON (see figure 16)

Refer to the section 7.3, 'Datuming the SCR200 rack' for definitions of coordinate X(n), Y, Z.

1. Move to the START coordinate for activating the Hall sensor:

{Xs, Ys, Z}

where $X_s = X_1 + 82$ mm and

$Y_s = P_3 + R (1 \text{ mm}) - 7.5$ mm.

2. Move along the X- axis to:

{Xs - 12 mm}

at a minimum speed of 5 mm/s.

3. Move along the X axis to the centre line of the required vacant port (n):

{X(n), Ys, Z}

NOTE: If the stylus assembly has an offset or star component projecting along the Y+ axis, it is permissible (after step 1) to move out along the Y- axis and exit the light beam for a maximum of 5s, to avoid a collision with the SCR200 leg or another stored stylus.

4. Move along the Y+ axis to the docking target coordinate for port (n):

{X(n), Y, Z}

5. Move along the Z+ axis to the release coordinate:

{X(n), Y, Zr}

where $Z_r = Z + 3$ mm.

6. Move along the Y- axis to a coordinate clear of the port lid:

{X(n), Ys, Zr}

Storing a stylus module - Tamper Proof OFF

Refer to the procedure for 'Storing a stylus module - Tamper Proof ON', omitting steps 1 and 2.

NOTE: It is not necessary to stop CMM motion at the start coordinate in this mode, provided that the port is entered along the Y+ axis at the specified X(n) and Z axis positions.

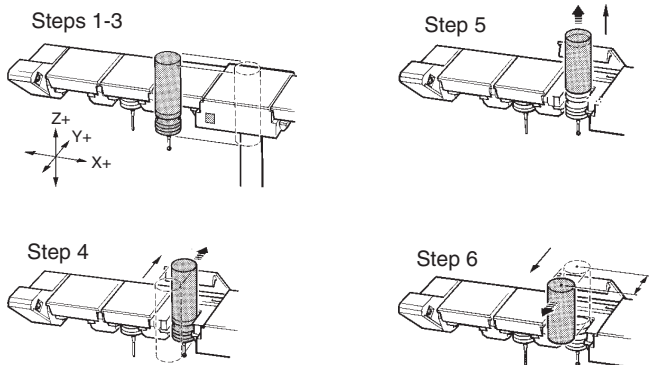


Figure 16 - Stylus changing procedure - storing a stylus module

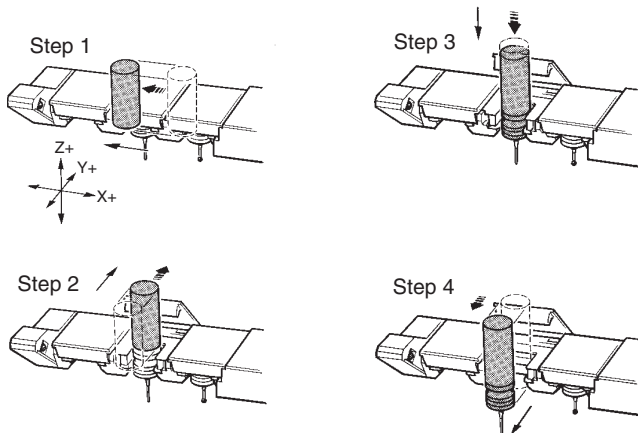


Figure 17 - Stylus changing procedure - picking up a stored stylus module

Picking up a stylus module

This procedure is applicable to both operating modes (see figure 17).

Refer to the section 'Datuming the SCR200 rack' for definitions of coordinate X(n), Y, Z.

1. From the previous port coordinate:

{X(n), Ys, Zr}

Move along the X axis to the port (n) containing the required stylus module:

{X(n), Ys, Zr}

2. Move along the Y+ axis to the port centre:

{X(n), Y, Zr}

3. Move along the Z- axis to the docking target coordinate for port (n):

{X(n), Y, Z}

4. Move along the Y- axis to a coordinate clear of the port lid:

{X(n), Ys, Z}

Proceed with the part measurement program.

9 Maintenance

9.1 TP200 probe body and stylus module

The kinematic coupling mechanism, connecting the probe body to the stylus module, incorporates precision ball/V groove seatings. The coupling mechanism has been tested in a wide range of environments and is highly tolerant of non-metallic dust, but regular inspection and cleaning with the CK200 material (supplied) is recommended to ensure continued high performance. Instructions for use are included with the cleaning material (part number A-1085-0016).

The user should determine the frequency of cleaning according to the conditions of use.

Stylus balls, threads and mating faces should be cleaned with a proprietary cleaning cloth or solvent.

Stylus modules that are not in use should be stored in spare ports in the SCR200 rack or in their transport boxes.

9.2 SCR200 rack

Periodic cleaning of the rack ports, lids and outer surfaces using a proprietary cleaning cloth, is recommended to prevent contamination of the modules.

10 Fault finding

Symptoms	The CMM will not register a probe trigger, but the probe operates normally when the stylus is deflected by hand.
PI 200 indicators	'STOP' lamp ON. 'TP200 lamp ON. 'SEATED' LED operates normally.
Possible causes	The CMM controller or a Renishaw system has activated STOP signal. SCR200 overtravel mechanism is deflected.
Remedy	Check status of Renishaw motorised probe head or other systems. Clear obstruction and allow overtravel mechanism to reset.

Symptoms	The probe fails to trigger and the probe LEDs glow only dimly when the stylus touches the workpiece, but the probe operates normally when the stylus is deflected by hand.
PI 200 indicators	'SEATED' LED ON.
Possible causes	The trigger speed is too slow. The stylus is too heavy.
Remedy	Probe normally to the workpiece surface. Increase gauging speed.

Symptoms	The probe will not arm or the probe does not stay armed when the RESET button is released. The probe LEDs are always OFF.
PI 200 indicators	'STD' LED ON. 'SEATED' LED OFF.
Possible causes	Probe sensor faulty. Probe wiring open circuit.
Remedy	Remove probe and test by substitution. Check wiring from probe to PI 200 interface.

Symptoms	The probe will not arm or the probe does not stay armed when the RESET button is released. The probe LEDs are always ON.
PI 200 indicators	'TP200' LED ON. 'SEATED' LED OFF.
Possible causes	Probe sensor faulty or damaged by collision.
Remedy	Remove probe and test by substitution.

Symptoms	False ('air') triggers occur while the CMM is stationary and the probe LEDs flicker.
PI 200 indicators	'TP200' LED ON. 'SEATED' LED operates normally.
Possible causes	Probe sensor faulty. Probe loose in probe head. Excessive vibration from external source. Excessive vibration from CMM.
Remedy	Remove probe and test by substitution. Correctly tighten probe. Remove cause or isolate CMM. Check CMM air supply. Maintain CMM air bearing system.

Symptoms	False ('air') triggers occur at gauging speed and the probe LEDs flicker.
PI 200 indicators	'DAMPED' LED is OFF. 'SEATED' LED operates normally.
Possible causes	Stylus is too large or heavy. Excessive vibration from CMM.
Remedy	Use stylus arrangements within recommendations. Check CMM air supply. Maintain CMM air bearing system.

Symptoms	False ('air') triggers occur at traverse speed and the probe LEDs flicker.
PI 200 indicators	'DAMPED' LED is ON. 'SEATED' LED operates normally.
Possible causes	Stylus is too large or heavy. Excessive vibration from CMM. Traverse speed is too high.
Remedy	Use stylus arrangements within recommendations. Check CMM air supply. Maintain CMM air bearing system. Reduce traverse speed.

Symptoms	The probe triggers during an SCR200 stylus change.
PI 200 indicators	'SEATED' LED operates normally.
Possible causes	The SCR200 is not connected to the PI 200. Incorrect SCR200 operating mode.
Remedy	Check SCR200 indicator lamps. Re-connect cable.

Symptoms	There is an unexpected loss of accuracy.
PI 200 indicators	'TP200' LED ON. 'SEATED' LED operates normally.
Possible causes	Stylus ball is damaged or dirty. Stylus is too large or heavy. The probe is loose or not correctly assembled. The kinematic coupling is damaged or dirty. The gauging speed has been changed. The trigger threshold has been changed.
Remedy	Inspect and clean stylus ball, or replace and re-qualify the stylus. Use stylus arrangements within recommendations. Check the stylus joints. Ensure the module is correctly seated and the probe is tight in the probe head. Inspect and clean the kinematic coupling. Re-qualify stylus tips.

Symptoms	Deflection alarm active.
PI 200 indicators	Audible indicator ON.
Possible causes	The stylus is or was deflected for >10s. Stylus module was changed manually.
Remedy	Move the stylus clear of any obstruction and press the RESET button

11 Accessories

11.1 High performance styli

For applications requiring styli longer than 40 mm, the Renishaw range of lightweight 'GF' styli and extension pieces are recommended.

These are available individually or as a boxed kit (part number A-5003-2310). See the Renishaw stylus catalogue (part number H-1000-3200) for further information.

11.2 Extension bars and adaptors

Probe reach may be extended, with minimal loss of accuracy using probe extension bars. These are available in M8 – M8 or autojoint - M8 connector versions according to the type of probe head in use.

See the Renishaw catalogue 'Probing systems for coordinate measuring machines' (Part No. H-1000-5050) for details.

11.3 MSR1 module storage rack (manual)

For manual stylus changing applications the MSR1 storage rack is recommended. The rack holds and protects up to 6 stylus modules carrying pre-qualified stylus arrangements.

The rack is available with a bracket for wall mounting or with a leg and base for mounting on the CMM table.

A-1371-0330 MSR1 (wall mounted)

A-1371-0347 MSR1 (CMM table mounted)

12 Appendix 1

12.1 Part number summary

Probe bodies only	
A-1207-0020	TP200 probe body
A-1207-0056	TP200B probe body
TP200 probe kits	
A-1207-0001*	TP200 probe kit 1 (including SF module)
A-1207-0002*	TP200 probe kit 2 (including LF module)
TP200B probe kits	
A-1207-0055*	TP200B probe kit 1 (including SF module)
A-1207-0056	TP200B probe body only
TP200 stylus modules	
A-1207-0010	TP200 SF stylus module
A-1207-0011	TP200 LF stylus module
A-1207-0012	TP200 EO stylus module
PI 200 probe interface	
A-1207-0050	PI 200 probe interface for TP1, TP2, TP6, TP20 and TP200
SCR200 stylus changing rack	
A-1207-0030#	SCR200 kit- active 6 port change rack for use with TP200 includes 3 x SF stylus modules
A-1207-0070#	SCR200 kit - active 6 port change rack for use with TP200 includes 3 x LF stylus modules
A-1207-0260	SCR200 only

MSR1 module storage rack	
A-1371-0330	MSR1 - manual storage rack with wall mounting brackets
A-1371-0347	MSR1 - manual storage rack with leg and mounting base
TP200 accessories	
M-1371-0298	M12 location piece (re: SCR200)
A-1016-7630	PL63 (5 m) SCR200 to PI 200 cable
A-1016-7631	PL64 (10 m) SCR200 to PI 200 cable
A-1016-7632	PL65 (15 m) SCR200 to PI 200 cable
A-1016-7660	PL97 (0.26 m) dual adaptor cable for connecting 2 x SCR200 racks to PI 200 (requires 2 x cables PL63/64/65) in addition
Replacements	
A-1085-0016	CK200 cleaning material
A-1042-1486	S1 'C' spanner
A-1047-3932	S9 double ended 'C' spanner
M-5000-3540	S7 stylus tool
P-TL03-0150	Hexagon key 1.5 mm AF

*** TP200/TP200B probe kit contents:**

TP200 probe body
 Stylus module
 Tools/cleaning kit
 Test certificate
 User's guide

SCR200 stylus change rack kit contents:

SCR200 rack
 Stylus modules (quantity 3)
 Mounting kit
 Datuming stylus

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